

1952

Golden Gate College Bulletin School of Law 1952-1953

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GOLDEN GATE COLLEGE BULLETIN

Vol. LVI



1952-1953

SCHOOL OF LAW

Fifty-second Year

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

SCHOOL OF LAW

BULLETIN

1952-1953

1953-1954

Fifty-second Year

Hurd

— ● —
*Accredited by the Committee of Bar
Examiners, State Bar of California.*

CO-EDUCATIONAL EVENING CLASSES

GOLDEN GATE COLLEGE

AN AFFILIATE OF THE YMCA OF SAN FRANCISCO

270
200 GOLDEN GATE AVENUE

SAN FRANCISCO

Telephone PROSPECT 5-5774

**COLLEGE CALENDAR
1952-1953**

FALL SEMESTER

August 18, Monday Fall Semester Begins
December 19, Friday Fall Semester Ends

SPRING SEMESTER

January 5, Monday Spring Semester Begins
May 8, Friday Spring Semester Ends

SUMMER SEMESTER

May 18, Monday Summer Semester Begins
July 17, Friday Summer Semester Ends

COLLEGE HOLIDAYS

September 1, 1952 Labor Day
November 27, 1952 Thanksgiving Day
December 20-January 4, 1953, inclusive Christmas Recess
February 22, 1953 Washington's Birthday
May 30, 1953 Memorial Day
July 4, 1953 Independence Day

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California

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BERNA M. CARLSON, College Librarian

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LAW SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

PAUL S. JORDAN, Dean

JOHN A. GORFINKEL, Associate Dean

FACULTY

PAUL S. JORDAN, Dean

Domestic Relations and Community Property

A. B., University of California 1925; J.D., 1927; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1927; with law firms Byrne & Lamson 1927-1933; Byrne, Lamson and Jordan 1933-1946; Lamson & Jordan 1946-1948; Lamson, Jordan and ~~Sh~~ since 1948; member Phi Delta Phi; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1933.

JOHN A. GORFINKEL, Associate Dean

Introduction to the Study of Law; Constitutional Law; Taxation.

A.B., University of California, 1926; J.D., 1929; J.S.D., 1931; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1929, and to U. S. Board of Tax Appeals, 1932; and to U. S. Supreme Court, 1943; editorial staff of California Law Review, 1927-1929 and associate editor, 1928-1929; Deputy Corporation Commissioner, State of California, 1933; Enforcement Department, Office of Price Administration, 1942-1947; Executive Officer and Assistant Deputy Commissioner for Enforcement, 1945-1947; in private practice 1929-1942 and since 1947; author of legal articles in California Law Review; member Phi Beta Kappa and Order of the Coif; on Golden Gate College faculty 1933-1942 and since 1947.

CHARLES J. BARRY

Trusts

LL.B., University of San Francisco, 1928; LL.M., University of San Francisco, 1932; admitted to practice law in California State and Federal Courts, 1928; Deputy Clerk, United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1928-1933; law clerk to Honorable Francis A. Garrecht, United States Circuit Judge, 1933-1943; Assistant Inheritance Tax Attorney, Sacramento, 1943-47; Associate Inheritance Tax Attorney, San Francisco, 1947-1951; Senior Inheritance Tax Attorney, San Francisco, 1951; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1952.

WILKIE COURTER

Contracts, Equity

B.S., University of San Francisco, 1932; LL.B., 1936; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1936; legal advisor to Wartime Civil Control Administration, 1942-1943; U. S. Army, 1943-1946; in private practice 1936-1942 and since 1946; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1946.

JAMES J. DURYEA

Torts, Property

A. B., College of Pacific, 1944; LL.B., University of San Francisco, 1949; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1949; U. S. Marine Corps, 1942-1946; Teacher, San Francisco Unified School District, 1948-1949; associated in private practice of law with Remington Low since 1949; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1949.

SCHOOL OF LAW

EMMET B. HAYES

Agency, Torts

A.B., Stanford University, 1932; LL.B., Hastings College of the Law, 1933; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1935; Senior Attorney, Office of Alien Property Custodian, 1943-1945; Acting Chief, Estates and Trusts Section, 1945-1947; in private practice, 1935-1943; associated with Marcel E. Cerf, Robinson and Leland since 1948; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1946.

GERALD S. LEVIN

Equity, Trusts

A.B., University of California, 1927; LL.B., 1930; Harvard Law School, 1930-1931; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1931 and to U. S. Supreme Court, 1936; Senior Attorney, U. S. War Department, 1943-1945; associated with Pillsbury, Madison & Sutro since 1931; Secretary, The Bar Association of San Francisco; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1944.

ALLAN R. MOLTZEN

Personal Property, Business Associations

A.B., University of California, 1939; LL.B., Harvard Law School, 1942; Associate Editor, Harvard Law Review, 1941-1942; Lieutenant Commander, U. S. Navy, 1942-1946; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1946; associated with Pillsbury, Madison & Sutro since 1946; member Phi Beta Kappa; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1949.

VARNUM PAUL

Evidence, Torts

A.B., University of California, 1930; LL.B., 1933; editorial staff, California Law Review, 1931-1933; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1933, and to U. S. Supreme Court, 1945; Lieutenant Commander, U. S. Navy, 1942-1946; in private practice since 1933; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1938.

DONALD A. PEARCE

Business Associations

A.B., University of California, 1922; J.D., 1924; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1924; Claims Department, Employers' Liability Insurance Corporation, 1924-1925; Claims Department, Western Pacific Railway Company, 1925; Lieutenant Commander, U. S. Navy, 1943-1945; Assistant Commissioner, Division of Corporations, State of California, since 1926; collaborated with Professor Henry Winthrop Ballantine on Corporation Law, 1931 and 1938; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1928.

WARREN H. PILLSBURY

Evidence

B.L., University of California, 1909; J.D., 1912; Harvard Law School, 1909-1910, 1912-1913; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1912; Assistant in political science, University of California, 1913, and instructor in law, University of Illinois, 1914; Referee and Assistant Attorney, Industrial Accident Commission, 1914-1923; Attorney for the Commission, 1923-1926; in private practice, 1926-1930; Deputy Commissioner U. S. Employees' Compensation Commission for district 13, since 1927; author of legal articles in California, Harvard, and Virginia Law Reviews; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1914; on leave since 1951.

SCHOOL OF LAW

JOHN P. SPARROW

Property III

A.B., Harvard College, 1938; LL.B., Harvard Law School, 1941; admitted to practice in Massachusetts, 1946, and in California State and Federal Courts, 1947; Commander, U. S. Naval Reserve, 1941-1946; associate, McCutchen, Thomas, Matthew, Griffiths and Greene, 1946-1947; Deputy District Attorney, Alameda County, since 1947; member faculty, University of San Francisco Law School, 1947-1951; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1951.

STANLEY WALSH

Practice and Procedure

B.S., University of North Dakota, 1939; LL.B., Georgetown University, 1946; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1946; instructor in law, University of San Francisco, 1946-1951; in private practice of law since 1948; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1951.

JOHN F. WARD

Business Associations

A.B., Syracuse University, 1939; American University, 1940-1941; LL.B., (Cum Laude), Yale Law School, 1948; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1949; Field Agent, Bureau of the Census, Washington, 1939-1941; Placement Officer, Office of Emergency Management, 1941-1942; Lieutenant Commander, U. S. Navy, 1942-1946; associated with Bronson, Bronson & McKinnon since 1948; member Phi Beta Kappa and Order of the Coif; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1949.

CASPAR WILLARD WEINBERGER

Practice and Procedure

A.B., Harvard College, 1938; LL.B., Harvard Law School, 1941; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1946; Captain, U. S. Army, 1941-1945; Law Clerk to Judge Orr, U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals, Ninth Circuit, 1945-1947; associate, Heller, Ehrman, White & McAuliffe since 1947; member Phi Beta Kappa; on Golden Gate College faculty since 1949.

GENERAL INFORMATION

History

Golden Gate College, an affiliate of the Y.M.C.A., is a non-profit educational institution of collegiate grade. The Law School, established in 1901 by the Board of Directors of the San Francisco Young Men's Christian Association was the first law school in California to offer evening instruction. In 1910 it was incorporated with the right to confer degrees. Golden Gate College was established and separately incorporated, under its present name, in 1923.

The Law School is accredited by the Committee of Bar Examiners of the State Bar of California.

Location

The Law School is located at 200 Golden Gate Avenue. This central location, in the downtown district, is readily accessible to all parts of the bay area.

Purpose and Objectives

Experience and the democratic tradition indicate the need for the evening law school as an important and necessary part of our legal educational system. Golden Gate College Law School is dedicated to furnishing ambitious and qualified men and women the opportunity to obtain high quality legal instruction, qualifying them for admission to the bar and successful practice of the law. ~~The Law School adheres to the standards prescribed by the Committee of Bar Examiners for an accredited law school.~~

The school has a faculty composed of successful practicing lawyers, teaching subjects in which they are particularly qualified by training and experience, and several full-time professors who are available for student consultation and assistance at all times.

The curriculum of the school and the "case method" of instruction conform to the accepted standards and methods of the leading law schools. The major emphasis of the Law School program is to give a sound foundation in the basic principles of law, an understanding of the historical and social forces which have affected their development and shaped their present character, and of the forces which today may affect or modify our legal institutions.

The "common law heritage", necessary to an understanding of our legal system, is the basis of the Law School curriculum. The course of study is designed to qualify the graduate for admission to practice in any State, but pro-

ceeding on the assumption that most students intend to practice in California, full instruction is given in all significant phases of California law.

The location of the school affords unusual opportunities for research and for observation of law and government in action. The Civic Center and Federal Office buildings, the United States Court of Appeals and District Courts, the State Supreme Court and District Court of Appeals, the Superior and Municipal Courts and most Federal, State and local government agencies are located within a few blocks of the school.

Law Library

The school maintains an up-to-date law library, conforming to the standards required by the State Bar of California for an accredited law school and adequate for student study and research. The extensive facilities of the San Francisco City and County Law Library, located on the fourth floor of the City Hall, and in the Mills Building, are also available for student use. The school library is open during the day and evening, including Saturdays, Sundays and holidays.

Tuition and Fees

(a) The tuition fee is \$13.00 per semester unit; (b) the Law School Association fee is \$2.50 per semester, except summer; (c) the Graduation fee, payable at the beginning of the final semester, is \$15.00. Tuition and fees are payable each semester, on enrollment; they may be paid in full, either at registration or by the opening day of the course, or they may be paid in four monthly installments as provided in the General Bulletin (pp. 43-44). For courses extending over more than one semester, course tuition will be prorated, on a unit basis, between the semesters. Tuition and fees for students taking the full course are:

<i>Fall and Spring Semesters:</i> Tuition for 9 units.....	\$117.00
Law Association Fee.....	2.50
	<hr/>
	\$119.50
<i>Summer Session:</i> Tuition for 4½ units.....	\$ 58.50

Refunds

Although fees are not refundable, the tuition accounts of students who withdraw or are dropped will be adjusted and refunds made or credit given on request according to the schedule on pp. 44-45 in the General Bulletin of the College.

Veterans

Golden Gate College is approved for training under Public Law 346 (G. I. Bill) and Public Law 16 (for disabled veterans).

Veterans who have been discharged under conditions other than dishonorable may be eligible for educational benefits under the G. I. Bill. It is recommended that the veteran inquire at the local office of the Veterans Administration regarding specific details of his eligibility.

Veterans must enroll before the end of the second week of the semester to obtain full tuition from the Veterans Administration.

If a veteran has not obtained authority from the Veterans Administration, he must make payments for tuition fees, books and supplies. Should a veteran receive his authorization after enrolling, he will be eligible to receive reimbursement for the period approved by the Veterans Administration.

The above rules apply to World War II veterans. Ask the college for specific information regarding Korean War Veterans.

California veterans who are no longer eligible for training under the G. I. Bill may still apply for educational benefits under California Veterans Educational Institute Act.

Books and Supplies

Students must obtain all required case books and texts. In addition, each student must have a good law dictionary and a set of the basic California Codes. Although the school maintains adequate library facilities, students who intend to do most of their preparation at home will find it necessary to purchase certain additional texts and other materials to supplement their study. All books can be purchased through the College Bookstore at list prices.

Golden Gate Law School Association

Professional and social activities in the law school are arranged by the officers of a student organization, the Golden Gate Law School Association. Opportunity is thus afforded to become socially acquainted with the other men and women students and with the faculty members.

GOLDEN GATE COLLEGE LAW ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

OFFICERS

IVAN T. CRASE, '17, *President*,
Assistant Commissioner, California State Corporation Commission.

SAMUEL C. SHENK, '43, *Vice-President*
Attorney-at-Law, San Francisco

THEODORE M. MONELL, '22, *Secretary-Treasurer*

ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS

1. *Beginning Students—Regular Status.* The applicant must have satisfactorily completed at least one half of the work required for a Bachelor's Degree at a recognized institution of collegiate grade with an average of C+ or better. Applicants who have completed the requisite number of units with an average of less than C+ may be admitted only upon approval of the Dean. The work should be primarily in the liberal arts and social science fields. Where the major college work has not been in such fields, approval of the Dean is required.

2. *Beginning Students—Special Status.* A limited number of applicants who cannot qualify as regular students, will be considered for admission as special students. Such applicants must: (a) be over 25 years of age; (b) be at least a graduate of high school with an average grade of B; (c) satisfactorily pass an entrance examination, including standard psychological, English and legal aptitude tests; (d) give evidence of such business or professional experience as will compensate for the lack of college education. All admissions to special status require the approval of the Dean.

3. *Advanced Standing.* An applicant for advanced standing will be considered only if he (a) could qualify for admission to regular status; (b) presents proof of satisfactory completion, at a law school accredited by the Committee of Bar Examiners of the State Bar of California, of the courses for which he requests credit; (c) establishes his honorable dismissal from the law school for which he requests credit. A minimum of two years attendance at Golden Gate College Law School is required of all students admitted to advance standing. All admissions to advanced standing require the approval of the Dean.

COURSE OF STUDY, SCHOLARSHIP AND DEGREE REQUIREMENTS

1. The course of study for the degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) is four years.

2. Requirements for the degree are: (a) Completion of 84 units of study in accordance with the prescribed curriculum and with a limited number of elective courses; (b) an average grade of C+ or better; (c) completion of a course in American History or evidence of satisfactory completion of such a course prior to entering Law School. (This last requirement must be satisfied before admission to the fourth year of the Law School.)

3. Requirements for Advancement. Students must maintain an average grade of C+ throughout the law course and must have an accumulated average of C+ in 84 units in order to qualify for graduation and the LL.B. degree. Students who fail to maintain a C+ average in any given year will be dismissed by the school for scholarship deficiency. Normally dismissal will be made at the end of the academic year, but the school reserves the right to dismiss at any time a student who fails to maintain the required standard.

4. Classes meet three evenings a week, usually Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, from 6:50 to 9:20 p.m. Occasionally, a fourth night is required for a short time during a semester.

5. The school year consists of two semesters of 18 weeks each and a summer session of nine weeks. Class sessions falling on school holidays are made up during the semester. Consult the college calendar, page 2, for session dates.

6. A student may commence the study of law at any session; normally students entering in the spring semester, will require 4½ years to complete the curriculum.

7. Office hours. The college office is open on week days from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. The Dean's office is open to all students at scheduled hours and by appointment.

8. Examinations. Each student is required to take a final examination in each course and such additional examinations as the instructor prescribes. Examinations must be taken at the time scheduled. If it is impossible for a student to be present at the scheduled time, application must be made, in advance of the scheduled date, for permission to take a special examination and approval obtained from the instructor and the Dean. A fee of \$5 00 is charged for each special examination.

9. Attendance and Withdrawals. Attendance is required at not less than 80% of the class sessions. A student must notify the college, in advance whenever possible, of any circumstance that will cause his absence from class and request authorized leave therefor. Students who have been absent for two consecutive weeks, or who have missed more than 20% of the scheduled classes in any semester, without authorized leave, will be dropped from the course. Students who find it necessary to withdraw from Golden Gate College must notify the Registrar promptly in writing or in person of their intention to discontinue classes, stating in full their reasons. A student who, at the time of withdrawal, has not paid in full his current charges for tuition and other fees, cannot be granted an honorable dismissal or statement of work completed until all outstanding charges are paid. Students attending under the G. I. Bill, who withdraw from school during the semester, are required to return their books to the College bookstore.

10. Prizes. Three awards are given members of the graduating class for scholastic achievements:

The Bancroft-Whitney Prize—A set of Annotations to California Codes, The Civil Code and Code of Civil Procedure.

The Bender-Moss Prize—Hillyer's Annotated Forms of Pleading and Practice.

The Recorder Printing and Publishing Company Prize—A year's subscription to the Advance California and California Appellate Reports.

Can these be arranged in alph. order

DESCRIPTION OF COURSES

The required curriculum of the Law School consists of those courses which are regarded as essential to a comprehensive legal education and are designed to cover the fields of legal study sufficiently to enable a student to qualify for successful practice of the law.

The school program is designed to provide an orderly progression from year to year. Therefore a student should plan to take each year, the courses recommended for that year. Failure to do so may delay graduation and any departure from the recommended curriculum must have the Dean's approval.

Introduction to the Study of Law (3 units):

An introductory course for beginning law students designed primarily to train them in the legal skills necessary to the proper use of legal materials, case law and statutes; courts and court organization; procedure and its importance; analysis of cases; development of case law by synthesis of decisions; interpretation of statutes.

Criminal Law (3 units):

Criminal procedure, nature of crime, elements of a crime, attempts, jurisdiction, modifying circumstances, culpability, privilege, parties, conspiracy, former jeopardy, ~~homicide~~, rape, assault and battery, larceny, embezzlement, false pretenses, receiving stolen property, robbery, burglary, arson, and forgery.

Torts (6 units):

Nature, elements, moral quality, selection, trespass, assault and battery, false imprisonment, trespass to property, conversion, negligence, proximate cause, master and servant, seduction, malicious prosecution, ~~deceit~~, defamation, and nuisance.

Contracts (7½ units):

Mutual assent, consideration, third party beneficiary contracts, assignments, joint obligations, statute of frauds, performance, express conditions, implied conditions, impossibility, illegal contracts, discharge, novation, release, accord and satisfaction, arbitration and award.

Personal Property (3 units):

Possessory interests in chattels; finding, bailment, and lien; acquisition of ownership by purchase, accession, confusion, judgment and gift; fixtures, emblements.

Real Property I (1½ units):

An introduction to real property. Feudal tenure; estates in land; seisin; future interests at common law. Rule in Shelley's case and doctrine of worthier title; common law methods of conveyancing; uses and Statute of Uses; concurrent estates.

The law of civil injuries,

Real Property II (3 units):

Adverse possession; prescription; surrender of leaseholds; execution of deeds, delivery and acceptance; descriptions; estoppel by deed; the recording acts; Title Insurance and Torrens Act.

Real Property III (3 units):

Easements and profits; licenses; lateral and subjacent support; creation of easements by implication; covenants for title; running of covenants, formal requirements, type of covenant, legal and equitable enforcement.

Real Property IV (1½ units):

Background and classification of future interests; class gifts; gifts by implication; characteristics of future interests; rule against perpetuities; rule against restraints on alienation; effect of partial invalidity.

Domestic Relations and Community Property (4½ units):

Domestic Relations: Marriage; husband and wife; antenuptial and postnuptial agreements, ~~annulment~~, divorce and separation; separate maintenance; parent and child; reciprocal rights, duties and obligations of parents and children; adoption and legitimation; minor's rights and obligations; minor and incompetency guardianships.

Community Property: Historical background of system; sources of community property; rights and interests therein of respective spouses; agreements relating to community property, including settlement agreements; liability for debts of spouses.

Equity (5½ units):

Historical introduction and development of equity jurisprudence, including procedural reforms, in England, Canada and the United States; specific relief against torts with particular reference to the use of injunctions and defenses thereto, injunctions in labor disputes, law enforcement by injunctions, relief against illegal governmental action; bills of peace, interpleader, quia timet, removal of clouds on title and quieting title, and declaratory judgments; specific performance of real property and chattel contracts, including examination of the following subjects: adequacy of legal remedy, uncertainty in terms of contract, mutuality and lack of mutuality, consideration in equity, misrepresentation, mistake and hardship as defenses, ~~express and implied conditions, laches and the statute of limitations~~, part performance and the statute of frauds, ~~equitable conversion by contract and will, and equitable servitudes; restitution, reformation and rescission for mistake including misrepresentation and nondisclosure; jurisdiction, powers and procedures of courts of equity.~~

Use of Law Books (1½ units):

Analysis and abstraction of cases, library facilities, training in the skillful use of statutes, codes, ~~constitutions~~, state reports, digests, national reporter, citators, encyclopedias and loose leaf reports.

Evidence (6 units):

Judicial notice; functions of judge; functions of jury; burden of proof and presumptions; other acts; remote and prejudicial evidence; examination of witnesses, refreshing recollections; impeachment; competency and privilege; illegally obtained evidence; the hearsay rule; authentication of documents; best evidence rule; parole evidence rule; adequacy of evidence; evidence in proceedings before administrative bodies.

Commercial Law (6 units):

Introduction: Types and function of instruments, documents and contracts used in commercial transactions. Negotiable Instruments: Elements of negotiability; negotiation; of holders; liability of parties; discharge. Sales: Passage of title; lien and stoppage in transitu; sales financing devices; protection of bona fide purchasers and creditors; warranties.

Business Associations (6 units):

A. Corporations:

Characteristics of corporations (de facto and de jure); officers, directors and stockholders; powers and liabilities; subscriptions, promoters; assembling of funds; incorporation; management and control; capital; profits; stock transfer; merger; consolidation and reorganization; dissolution.

B. Partnerships:

Nature and formation of partnership; partnership property; power of the partner to act for the partnership; remedies of creditors for the enforcement of partnership obligations; relations of partners between themselves; dissolution and winding up.

Practice and Procedure (6 units):

The civil action; joinder of actions and parties; subject matter, form and construction of pleadings; complaint, bill of particulars, demurrer, answer, counter-claim, cross-complaint, amendments; verification; motions; provisional remedies; special proceedings; probate procedure; appeal procedure. Moot courts are organized to give practice in the conduct of civil actions, arguments and trial.

Constitutional Law (6 units):

The judicial function of interpreting and enforcing written constitutions; the nature of the Federal system, separation and delegation of powers, relations between the Federal government and the states, interstate relations, Federal legislative powers; Constitutional limitations on governmental action, due process and equal protection of the laws, privileges and immunities of citizenship, impairment of contracts, political and social rights, freedom of speech, religion and the press; State and Federal regulation of matters in or affecting interstate commerce.

Wills (2 units):

History and definition of wills and testaments; testamentary capacity and intent; wills distinguished from other dispositions of property; kinds of wills; execution, revocation, republication and revival of wills; descent; powers and duties of executors and administrators; distribution; legacies.

Trusts (3 1/2 units):

Trustor, trustees, cestui que trust, creation of trusts, remedies, duties, liabilities, priorities, statute of frauds, statute of wills, constructive and resulting trusts, charitable trusts, modification, termination.

Conflict of Laws (3 units):

Nature, source and proof of foreign law; domicile; power to adjudicate or determine rights, including jurisdiction of courts and enforcement of foreign judgments; power to create rights, including choice and application of foreign law in torts, contracts, workmen's compensation, personal status, marriage, divorce, property rights and inheritance.

Taxation (4 units):

Federal taxation of decedents' estates, income, and gifts, with close attention to the details of the Internal Revenue Code, the regulations of the Treasury Department and Tax Court and Judicial decisions; Federal tax procedure.

ELECTIVES

Agency (1 1/2 units):

Security Transactions (1 1/2 -

Administrative Law (1 1/2 units):

Labor Law (1 1/2 units)

Insurance Law (1 1/2 units):

Creditors Rights (1 1/2 units)



Official U. S. Navy Photo

Airplane view showing location of Golden Gate College, close to the Civic Center in downtown San Francisco. 1. Golden Gate College, Y.M.C.A., 200 Golden Gate Ave. 2. Y. M. C. A. Hotel. 3. Federal Building. 4. Public Library. 5. State Building, location of California Supreme Court. 6. City Hall, location of Municipal and Superior Courts and San Francisco Law Library. 7. Veteran's Building. 8. Opera House. 9. Civic Auditorium.

GIFTS

Golden Gate College welcomes gifts to its Endowment, Building and Improvement Funds which will enable it to expand and improve its educational program. For those who wish to assist the College through voluntary contributions, a suggested form of bequest follows:

I hereby give, devise and bequeath to Golden Gate College, (here insert the amount of money or describe the personal property or real estate) to be used for the general purposes of the college.