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## Books Received

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## BOOKS RECEIVED

**THE COST OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION: REGULATING HOUSING DEVELOPMENT IN THE COASTAL ZONE.** By Dan K. Richardson. New Brunswick, New Jersey: Center for Urban Policy Research, 1976. Pp. 219. \$10.00.

In recent years, one of the chief goals of environmentalists has been to preserve the coastal zones of the United States. Coastal states have had to design and implement regulations for the development of their own particular coastal regions. This book uses the New Jersey coastal zone management program as an example of how such a program economically effects both the mass housing developer and the consumer.

**CRISIS IN COPYRIGHT.** By William Z. Nasri. New York, New York: Marcel Dekker, Inc., 1976. Pp. 174. \$16.50.

Ever since the advent of a relatively inexpensive method of photocopying, a controversy has been raging among publishers, libraries and authors over the legal and financial implications of the widespread practice of photocopying materials from books and periodicals.

In 1972, the publishing house of Williams & Wilkins filed suit against two federal libraries for copyright infringement, alleging that the libraries owed royalties for photocopying articles from periodicals published by Williams & Wilkins. *Crisis in Copyright* discusses the case of *Williams & Wilkins v. United States* and its implications. In addition, it takes a statistical approach to deal with publishers' assertions that unlimited photocopying has caused a reduction in the number of subscriptions to scientific and technical journals.

**OPERATING ON THE MIND: THE PSYCHOSURGERY CONFLICT.** Edited by Willard M. Gaylin, Joel S. Meister, & Robert C. Neville, New York, New York: Basic Books, Inc., 1975. Pp. 216. \$11.95

A collection of essays by attorneys, physicians and social scientists, this book has as its central problem the worthiness of psychosurgery as a therapeutic modality. The book was sponsored by the Behavior Control Research Group of the Institute of Society, Ethics and Life Sciences, which was established to study the science of behavior modification in the context of the customs and values of modern society. The legal aspects of psychosurgery are specifically discussed in two of the essays, but, as a whole, the authors seem to be primarily concerned with the moral, rather than the medical or legal factors of behavior control.

**POOR PEOPLE'S LAWYERS.** By Marjorie Girth. Hicksville, New York: Exposition Press, 1976. Pp. 130. \$7.50.

In 1963, *Gideon v. Wainwright* decreed that the states had the responsibility to provide indigent defendants with counsel in criminal cases. The Criminal Justice Act and Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 were passed in order to provide for counsel in both federal and civil cases. This book concerns the development of the public law and public defender systems and tries to evaluate how these systems are meeting the current demands of poverty law.

USING LAW BOOKS. By Alfred J. Lewis. Dubuque, Iowa: Kendall/Hunt Publishing Co., 1976. Pp. 91. \$\_\_\_\_\_.

Designed for law students or the beginning legal researcher, this book focuses on legal research in California and federal law. In the preface, the author states that, although a number of legal research texts exist, he found none of them suitable for teaching the basics of research. Instead of being a bibliography of legal research sources, this manual concentrates on specific research problems and how to solve them. The book is short and well-indexed, and would be of interest to any novice legal researcher.