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BOOKS RECEIVED

HUMAN RIGHTS CASEFINDER, 1953-1969: THE WARREN COURT ERA. Edited by Ann Fagan Ginger. Berkeley: Meiklejohn Civil Liberties Library, 1972. Pp. xvi, 281. \$17.50.

This book is an index to court cases decided between 1953 and 1969 that dealt with "human rights" topics—poverty law, civil rights and civil liberties. The Warren Court years showed a steady increase in the number of cases brought to trial concerning human rights issues. This index includes citations to 8,200 cases, some of which are unreported, from both federal and state courts.

CCH ESTATE PLANNING GUIDE. By Sidney Kess & Bertie Westlin. Chicago: Commerce Clearing House, 1976. Pp. vii, 591. \$9.50.

With the many new laws and techniques involved, the area of estate planning is becoming increasingly complex and technical. This guide discusses the goals and advantages of estate planning, explains the different types of plans available and gives examples of problems and solutions for specific situations. A number of tables and charts are given as planning aids in the appendix. The one guide to have, if you're limiting yourself to one.

THE LAW OF OBSCENITY. By Frederick F. Schauer. Washington, D.C.: Bureau of National Affairs, 1976. Pp. xv, 459. \$19.50.

One of the most controversial areas in all of the law is the concept of obscenity and its regulation. Courts continually grope for a satisfactory definition, while scholars and sociologists debate whether obscenity should be regulated at all. Although some of the book is devoted to the historical aspects, the major attention is paid to the substantive law on obscenity. The appendix includes suggested jury instructions, sample questions for voir dire and typical forms for pleadings.

UNCHOSEN PRESIDENTS: THE VICE-PRESIDENTS AND OTHER FRUSTRATIONS OF PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION. By Allan P. Sindler. Berkeley: University of California Press, 1976. Pp. x, 118. \$5.95.

The vice-president has frequently been a forgotten person in the world of Washington politics. Generally chosen for purely political reasons, and with few official duties, the vice-president functions mainly as the designated successor to the president. This book chronicles the ways in which vice-presidents have been chosen, and discusses various proposals for change.

BAIL REFORM IN AMERICA. By Wayne H. Thomas, Jr. Berkeley: University of California Press, 1976. Pp. xvi, 272. \$10.00.

In response to the increasing criticism of the bail system in the United States, numerous attempts at bail reform have been made at both the state and federal levels. The author of this book has studied bail reform since the first efforts at reform were initiated by the Manhattan Bail Project in 1961. This book gives the results of a national study of the problem and provides many valuable statistics concerning the use and effectiveness of the bail system.

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ALL DELIBERATE SPEED: SEGREGATION AND EXCLUSION IN CALIFORNIA SCHOOLS, 1855-1975. By Charles M. Wollenberg. Berkeley: University of California Press, 1976. Pp. vi, 201. \$10.00.

This book focuses on the development, and subsequent dissolution, of the "separate but equal" concept for minority education in California. The author shows how discrimination in education was a reality for all racial minority groups throughout the state until the 1960s. During this decade, cities were forced by earlier court decisions to desegregate their public schools. The book traces these efforts at desegregation from the initial experiments in busing down to the present day period of relative calm.

1976 SOCIAL SECURITY AND MEDICARE EXPLAINED. Chicago: Commerce Clearing House, 1976. Pp. v, 410. \$7.00.

This is a guidebook to current law on federal old-age, survivors and disability insurance programs, as well as the federal program of health insurance for the aged and disabled. It contains the law and detailed explanations as well as benefit tables and other useful practice aids.

BALANCING THE SCALES OF JUSTICE: FINANCING PUBLIC INTEREST LAW IN AMERICA. Washington, D.C.: Council For Public Interest Law, 1976. Pp. xvi, 361, appendices. Paper, \$3.50.

While the field of public interest law actually began in 1876 when the first legal aid center was established, the concept of practicing law for the public interest did not become popular until the 1960s. This book, edited by the Council for Public Interest Law, traces how the field has grown, both in scope and size. In telling the history of public interest law, the book concentrates on who is involved in the practice, how it has been funded and what has been accomplished.

ACTA JURIDICA 1975. Cape Town, South Africa: Juta & Co. Ltd., 1976. Pp. 355.

This book is a collection of speeches and papers that were presented at the conference on "Crime, Law and the Community," held in 1975 at the University of Cape Town, South Africa. Although some of the essays deal with the subject of criminal law in other countries, the majority of the material is devoted entirely to the practices, problems and solutions in South Africa.