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1941

Golden Gate College School of Law Announcement of Courses - 1941-1942

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GOLDEN GATE COLLEGE SCHOOL OF LAW



1941 - 1942

FORTIETH ANNUAL Announcement of Courses

Accredited by Committee of Bar Examiners
State Bar Association of California



SCHOOL OF LAW

CATALOG

1941-1942

Fortieth Year

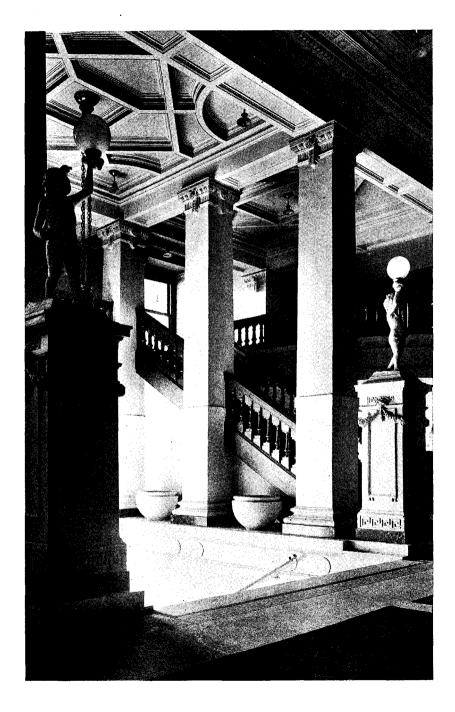
CO - EDUCATIONAL EVENING COURSES

GOLDEN GATE COLLEGE

CENTRAL Y.M.C.A. BUILDING . . . 220 GOLDEN GATE AVENUE

San Francisco

Telephone TUXEDO 1416



GOLDEN GATE COLLEGE

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Summer vacation

July 11 to August 17

S C H O O L O F L A W

Board of Governors of Golden Gate College

WARREN H. PILLSBURY, Chairman

Carl H. Allen Iames E. Hammond

NAGEL T. MINER, Secretary

AL C. JOY

Trustees of Golden Gate College

Hon. Curtis D. Wilbur Frank I. Turner Hon. John L. McNab E. V. Krick

JOHN H. McCallum

Administrative Staff of Golden Gate College

NAGEL T. MINER Director
DAVID L. SMITH Assistant Director
RAYMOND R. BRUCE Registrar

Faculty

The faculty is composed of nineteen prominent San Francisco attorneys, actively engaged in the practice of law. These men are graduates of the leading law schools of the nation, and have been carefully selected with a view to their teaching ability and by their qualifications are particularly adapted for legal instruction. As a general rule, the instructors teach subjects with which they are intimately concerned in their private practice.

ROBERT BUCHANAN, LL.B., C.P.A. Co-instructor with John Gorfinkel in Taxation

With Lybrand, Ross Bros. and Montgomery, Certified Public Accountants since 1919. LL.B., Golden Gate College, 1928. Admitted to practice in State and Federal Courts, 1928. Certified Public Accountant (California, 1925). Past-President San Francisco Chapter, California State Society of Certified Public Accountants; member, American Institute of Accountants; director, numerous California companies; examiner, State Civil Service Commission; advisor, State Franchise Tax Commission; co-author, with Col. R. H. Montgomery, "Income Tax Procedure." At Golden Gate College since 1924.

GOLDEN GATE COLLEGE

Murray Draper

Agency

A.B. Stanford 1928; J.D. 1930; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1930; engaged in private practice of law since 1930; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1941.

HOWARD C. ELLIS

Contracts

A.B. University of California 1917; United States Navy 1917-1919; J.D. University of California 1922; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1922; Assistant Commissioner of Corporations 1924-1930; member of law firm of Ellis and Steindorf; on faculty of Golden Gate College, 1923-1928 and since 1941.

JAMES L. FEELY

Code Pleading and Practice

A.B. Stanford University, 1933; LL.B. Hastings College of the Law, 1936; admitted to law practice in California State and Federal Courts, 1936; Chairman for State of California Bar Association; former member of Board of Governors of the San Francisco Bar; past president of Barristers Club of San Francisco; attorney for San Francisco Employers' Council; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1938.

RICHARD A. FRANK

Legal Ethics

A.B. San Jose State College 1934; LL.B. Stanford University 1937; member Order of the Coif; co-author "Vernier," "American Family Laws," Volume 5 and supplements; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1937; associated with law firm of Cushing and Cushing; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1941.

S C H O O L O F L A W

JOHN A. GORFINKEL

Constitutional Law, Wills, Conflict of Laws

A.B. University of California, 1926; J. D. 1929; J. S. D. 1931; admitted to practice of law in California state and Federal Courts in 1929, United States Board of Tax Appeals in 1932; member, Phi Beta Kappa, and Order of the Coif; editorial staff of the California Law Review, 1927-1929; associate editor, 1928-1929; in private practice since 1929; author of legal articles in California Law Review; Deputy, Department of Investments, Division of Corporations, State of California, 1933; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1933.

Maurice Harband

Property I, Property II, Property III

A.B. University of California 1931; LL.B., University of California 1934; admitted to practice law in California State and Federal Courts 1934; member of Phi Beta Kappa and Order of the Coif; editorial staff of the California Law Review 1932-1934; student editor-in-chief 1933-1934; engaged in private practice of law since 1934; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1935.

Frederick H. Hawkins

Sales

A.B. Stanford University 1931; LL.B. 1934; member Order of the Coif; instructor, University of San Francisco 1934; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1935; associated with law firm of Pillsbury, Madison and Sutro since 1935; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1941.

RICHARD W. JENNINGS

Trusts

A.B. Park College 1927; M.A. University of Pennsylvania 1934; LL.B. University of California 1939; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1939; Law instructor Boalt Hall 1940; associated with Jesse H. Steinhart in practice of law; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1941.

Paul S. Jordan

Domestic Relations, Equity

A.B. University of California 1925; J.D. 1927; admitted to practice law in California State and Federal Courts 1927; with law firm of Byrne & Lamson 1927 to 1933; member of law firm of Byrne, Lamson and Jordan since 1933. Member, Phi Delta Phi; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1933.

LAWRENCE F. KUECHLER

Use of Law Books

A.B. Stanford University 1935; LL.B. University of California 1938; Editor-in-chief, California Law Review 1937-38; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1938; associated with law firm of Pillsbury, Madison & Sutro since 1938; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1941.

VARNUM PAUL

Torts, Criminal Law

A.B. University of California 1930; LL.B. 1933. Editorial Staff, California Law Review 1932-1933. Admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1933. In private practice since 1933. On faculty of Golden Gate College since 1938.

Donald A. Pearce

Corporations and Business Associations

A.B. University of California 1922; J.D. 1924; admitted to practice law in California State and Federal Courts 1924; Claims Department of Employers' Liability Insurance Corporation 1924-25; Claims Department of Western Pacific Railroad Company 1925; Supervising Deputy of Department of Investments, Division of Corporation State of California since 1926; law lectures before Building and Loan Institute of San Francisco 1931 and Stanford Law Series, 1941; collaborated with Professor Henry Winthrop Ballantine of the University of California on Corporation Law 1931; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1928.

EDWARD L. PETERSON

Negotiable Instruments

Pre-Legal at University of South Dakota; LL.B. George Washington University, 1925; with Sioux Falls National Bank 1915-17; with California Pacific Title Insurance Company since 1926; admitted to practice law in California State and Federal Courts in 1929; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1931.

WARREN H. PILLSBURY

Evidence

B.L. University of California 1909; J.D. 1912; post graduate Harvard Law School; admitted to practice law in California State and Federal Courts 1912; instructor in political science at University of California 1913; instructor in law at University of Illinois 1914; referee and assistant attorney Industrial Accident Commission 1914-23; Attorney for the Commission, 1923-26; private practice since 1926; Deputy Commissioner United States Employees' Compensation Commission for district 13, since 1927; author of legal articles in Harvard, California and Virginia Law Reviews; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1914.

Leslie L. Roos

Civil Procedure

A.B. Stanford University 1934; LL.B. Harvard University 1937; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1937; associated with law firm of Keyes and Erskine since 1937; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1941.

HAROLD ROPERS

Security Transactions

LL.B. Hastings College 1931; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1931; Northern California counsel for Pacific States Savings and Loan Co. 1931-1935; associated with law firm of Bronson, Bronson & McKinnon; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1941.

SIMEON E. SHEFFEY

Course To Be Assigned

A.B. Southwestern University (Texas) 1913; LL.B. Harvard University 1917; First Lieutenant, United States Army 1917-1919; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1920; engaged in private practice of law since 1920; on faculty of Golden Gate College since 1941.

HERBERT E. WENIG

Legal Institutions

A.B., Stanford University 1930; Harvard Law School 1930-1931; Stanford Law School 1932-1934; admitted to practice in California State and Federal Courts 1935; in private practice with law firm of Cullinan, Hickey and Sweigert 1935-1939; Deputy Attorney General for the State of California since 1939. On faculty of Golden Gate College since 1939.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Purpose

It is the primary purpose of the Law School of Golden Gate College to prepare the student for the successful practice of the legal profession in any common law jurisdiction. In furtherance of such purpose, instruction is given not only in relation to case law of the past, but with the view of familiarizing the student with the present period of transition of law as it meets the needs of a complex urban civilization.

The study of law is approached from a view point of common interests secured by law and their effective protection by the courts.

Experience as well as democratic principles point the need for the maintenance of the evening law school as an important and necessary part of our system of legal education. The Law School of Golden Gate College has dedicated itself to the filling of this need, by offering to ambitious men and women a high grade of instruction in the law, through a curriculum carefully prepared to equip them with the knowledge and training necessary for admission to the bar and the successful practice of the profession.

The recent severity of bar examinations in California and other states, and the high scholastic proficiency now required for admission to the bar, have presented a real challenge to all law schools, and particularly to the evening law schools. The Law School of Golden Gate College is resolutely meeting this challenge and has recently taken several important steps to strengthen its course of study. The number of units required for graduation has been increased, standards of scholarship raised, and the most advanced and effective methods of legal pedagogy introduced, with a view toward enabling the graduates of this school to compete on equal terms with those of the day schools under present-day conditions.

In carrying out its primary purpose it is the policy of the law school to give particular attention to developing in its students the ability to analyze a problem in a lawyer-like manner, and the art of accurate and persuasive expression, both written and oral, upon legal matters. Due attention is also given to the economic and sociological problems of our times in their relation to the law, and to the fields of broad and varied cultural knowledge which the study of the law opens up.

History

The law school of Golden Gate College was established in 1901 by the Board of Directors of the Young Men's Christian Association of San Francisco. It was the first law school in California to offer evening instruction. The Honorable James A. Ballentine selected the faculty and served as the first dean of the school from 1901 to 1906. The earthquake and fire of that year destroyed the building housing the college. Classes met wherever a room could be found in the devastated city. In 1909 the present building was constructed.

Golden Gate College was incorporated in 1923 and its Board of Trustees and Board of Governors were granted authority by the State to confer the degree of Bachelor of Laws on students completing the legal curriculum. In 1934 the law school curriculum, teaching methods and standards were reorganized to keep abreast of changing professional requirements and needs. Several outstanding graduates of the University of California, Harvard and Stanford Law Schools have recently been added to the faculty.

Accredited by the State Bar

The Law School of Golden Gate College is accredited by the Committee of Bar Examiners of the California State Bar. Accreditation is based on the percentage of students passing the bar examination within the past three years. 72.7 per cent Golden Gate College students passed within this three year period, Sept. 1938 to Oct. 1940, the highest percentage of any law school in the state offering evening law study only.

Location

Golden Gate College is located on the third and fourth floors of the Central Y.M.C.A. at 220 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco. This central location in the downtown district of the city makes it readily accessible to anyone residing or employed in the bay region.

In the Civic Center, three blocks from the College, are conveniently located the City Law Library, to which the students have access, the State Supreme Court, the District Court of Appeals, and the Municipal and Superior Courts, which afford unusual opportunities for advanced research and observation of trial procedure.

Law Library

The school maintains an adequate library on California Law with the California Reports, Pacific Reporter, California Jurisprudence, McKinney's New California Digest, California Pacific Digest, Shepard's California Citator, Bancrofts Code Practice and Remedies, and the California Codes and General Laws. In addition, the United States Supreme Court cases, Corpus Juris, Corpus Juris Secundum, Harvard and California Law Review, American State Reports, American Digest System, Northeastern Reporter and standard text books and treaties on law, make up an effective student library.

The extensive facilities of the law library located in the city hall, are available to students for use in research and brief making.

Method of Instruction

The "case" method of study is used. This method is recognized as furnishing the best training for the student in the development of legal reasoning and comprehension of the principles of law. The cases are required to be briefed and presented for discussion and criticism during class. California cases, recent decisions, code study, law review articles and legal treatises are prescribed to parallel and supplement case book assignments.

In the matter of case books used and subjects covered, the examples of the University of California, Stanford, Harvard, Yale and other leading law schools are followed.

It is the belief of the faculty that the best results can be obtained by proper combinations of general and local authorities. While all the courses are based upon case books and text books embodying material taken from many common law jurisdictions, and this general foundation always receives its due and proper emphasis, each course is supplemented with instruction in California case and statutory law.

The work of the faculty is supplemented by occasional lectures on special topics given by judges, public officials and specialists in particular fields.

In the class room the student participates in discussion. Particular emphasis is laid upon careful analysis, logical reasoning and accurate expression.

Classes

Classes meet three evenings each week, from 6:45 to 9:30 p.m., a total of nine class hours of instruction per week.

Length of Course

The course in legal study leading to the LL.B. degree covers a period of approximately four school years. Classes begin in August and January. The College year is divided into two semesters and a summer session; a total of forty-four weeks each year.

There are two vacation periods during the year; two weeks in December and five weeks in August.

Requirements for Admission

REGULAR AND SPECIAL STUDENTS:

Applicants for admission to the law school who are candidates for a degree, must present a certificate of graduation from an accredited high school. In addition, the applicant must file a certificate showing successful completion of at least one-half the work acceptable for a Bachelor's degree granted on the basis of a four year period of study at a recognized college or university. A limited number of students who do not meet this latter requirement but who are of mature age and have had such business experience or other educational background as would, in the opinion of the committee on admissions, compensate for the lack of college credits, may be permitted to enroll as special students in the law school. Their progress through the law school is conditioned upon their scholarship. A special student may petition the faculty for regular standing after two years of satisfactory scholarship and thus become a regular student and a candidate for a degree. At the present time in California an applicant for admission to practice law must have completed at least two years of college work or have reached the age of twenty-five before beginning the study of law.

Advanced Standing:

An applicant seeking advanced standing must present in addition to the entrance credits of high school and college work, a record of his work in another law school together with proof of honorable dismissal therefrom. If work has been pursued in another law school, the student will receive credit for such work only if it is equivalent in the amount and character required in this school.

A minimum of one year of attendance at this law school is required in all cases as a prerequisite to receiving the degree. Applicants may be required to undergo examinations in any of the subjects for which credit is sought.

Registration

Application for admission to the School of Law should be made to the Registrar at least two weeks before the opening of the term. It is recommended that registration be made earlier if possible and that the required books be secured well in advance.

Examinations, Attendance and Grading

One or more preliminary examinations and a final examination are held in each semester course.

Attendance is required in at least eighty per cent of the class periods in each course.

An average grade of C- for the first year's work is required before the student is eligible for advanced work. An averaged grade of C for the first two years work is required for enrollment in the third year. An average grade of C+ in the first three years work is required for enrollment in the fourth year. An average grade of C+ for four years work is required for graduation.

Requirements for Degree

Regular students will be awarded the degree of Bachelor of Laws on the completion of eighty-three units of law study with an average grade of C+ or better.

Requirements for Certificate

Special students will be awarded a certificate of completion upon the successful completion of eighty-one units of law study. with an average grade of C+ or better.

Faculty Reservation

The Law School reserves the right to deny enrollment or continuance in school or to refuse the degree of Bachelor of Laws to any student who, for reasons attributable to character or want of capacity, is not, in the opinion of the faculty, fitted for the study or practice of law.

Tuition Fees

The annual tuition and incidental fees, including library, matriculation, student body and gymnasium will be \$148.50. For less than the full course students will be charged at the rate of \$8.00 per semester unit of professional law study.

The two plans provided for payment are:

- 1. Cash in advance at 5% discount, \$141.07.
- 2. The monthly payment plan; \$18.50 the first month and ten equal monthly payments of \$13.00 each.

Special Examination Fee

A charge of \$5.00 will be made for each special or deferred examination. Such examination may be taken only with approval of the instructor.

Scholarships

Several scholarships are available for beginning law students. Application forms may be secured upon request at the college office. Applications must be filed by August 13th. Selections are announced on August 15th.

Book Store

All books may be purchased through the College book store at list prices. Used books are also bought and sold by the book store as needed.

Student Activities

Social activities are arranged by the Student Council in co-operation with the administration. Opportunity is thus afforded to become socially acquainted with the other men and women of the school.

Student Council

The student council is composed of one member elected from each class of the College. The president of the Student Council must be a member of the graduating class. Other officers are elected without reservation. The purpose of the council is to cooperate with the Administration in the promotion of the well-being of the College and its students.

Golden Gate Bar Association

Students automatically upon enrollment in the law school become members of the Golden Gate Bar Association. Each class elects a representative to an executive committee of this organization which arranges for a series of talks to be given during the year by prominent members of the Bench and Bar.

Club Privileges

Enrollment includes full athletic privileges in the half million dollar club that houses the school for a period of four months each year. Special rate to students for balance of year. The equipment includes two gymnasia with running tracks, special exercise room, handball courts, an eighty-five foot salt water swimming pool, social halls, library and game rooms. Towels and a steel locker are furnished, and gymnasium suits laundered as part of the service. The gymnasium is open evenings and Sunday afternoons as well as during the day.

Law Fraternity KAPPA TAU EPSILON

In 1927 a group of advanced students of the law school organized the law fraternity of Kappa Tau Epsilon. The fraternity is composed of students, alumni and faculty members. Students of scholastic ability and professional interest are elected to membership once a year.

DESCRIPTION OF COURSES

The curriculum consists of courses which are intended to cover the entire field of law with sufficient comprehensiveness to enable the diligent student to meet successfully the problems of bar examinations in California and elsewhere. The program of instruction is arranged, as far as possible, to present the fundamental, basic courses during the first and second years, and the more advanced and specialized courses during the third and fourth years.

Criminal Law and Procedure:

Criminal procedure, nature of crime, elements of a crime, attempts, jurisdiction, modifying circumstances, culpability, privilege, parties, conspiracy, former jeopardy, homicide, rape, assault and battery, larceny, embezzlement, false pretenses, receiving stolen property, robbery, burglary, arson, and forgery.

HARNO—CASES AND MATERIALS ON CRIMINAL LAW AND PROCEDURE (2nd edition).

Mr. Paul Credit—3 Units

Torts:

Nature, elements, moral quality, selection, trespass, assault and battery, false imprisonment, trespass to property, conversion, negligence, proximate cause, master and servant, seduction, malicious prosecution, deceit. defamation, nuisance.

BOHLEN'S CASES ON TORTS (4th edition).

Mr. Paul Credit—6½ Units

Contracts:

Mutual assent, consideration, formation, delivery, assignment, joint obligations, statute of frauds, performance, express conditions, implied conditions, impossibility, illegal contracts, contracts in restraint of trade, wagers and gaming contracts, discharge, novation, release, accord and satisfaction, arbitration and award, surrender and cancellation.

COSTIGAN'S CASES ON CONTRACTS (Shepard's Revision).

Mr. Ellis Credit—7½ Units

Property I:

Possessory interests in chattels; finding, bailment, lien, and pledge; acquisition of ownership by purchase, accession, confusion, judgment and gift; fixtures, emblements.

BIGELOW'S CASES ON PERSONAL PROPERTY (2nd edition).

Mr. Harband Credit—3 Units

Domestic Relations—Community Property:

Husband and wife: marriage; married women's conveyances, and contracts under modern statutes; antenuptial and postnuptial settlements; divorce and separation. Parent and child: Illegitimacy and adoption; rights and duties of parents and children; guardian and ward; guardians—selection and appointment; rights duties, and liabilities of guardians; termination of guardianship—enforcing guardians liability. Infants, persons non compos mentis, and aliens, and community property.

MADDEN'S CASES ON DOMESTIC RELATIONS. SELECTED CASES ON COMMUNITY PROPERTY.

Mr. Jordan Credit—3 Units

Civil Procedure:

Jurisdiction of courts; venue of actions; forms of action at common law and under codes; elements of civil pleadings; process and appearance; defaults; trial procedure; selection of jury; functions of court and jury; nonsuit, dismissal and directed verdict; new trial; vacating judgments; torm and effect of judgments; appeal; enforcement of judgments.

McBAINE, CASES ON CIVIL PROCEDURE (2d ed., 1941).

Mr. Roos

Credits—3 Units

Sales:

Transfer of property and titles, conditional and unconditional sales; retention of possession, delivery, fraud, destruction, warranties, inspection, acceptance, lien, stoppage, statute of frauds, sales act.

WOODWARD'S CASES ON SALES (3rd edition).

Mr. HAWKINS Credit—3 Units

Equity:

Nature, historical development, relief against third parties, relief for specific performance, partial performance, consideration, marketable titles, plaintiff's default, fraud, misrepresentation, concealment. Mutuality of equitable relief, bill for an account, specific reparation and prevention of torts, waste, trespass, disturbance of easements.

COOK'S CASES ON EQUITY (2nd edition).

Mr. JORDAN Credit—4½ Units

Agency:

Appointment, liability of principal, purposes, members, creation, tests. firm agent to third party, delegation of authority, ratification, undisclosed principal, duties of principal and agent, workmen's compensation.

MECHEM'S CASES ON AGENCY (2nd edition).

Mr. Draper Credit—2½ Units

Property II:

Introduction to the law of real property; the feudal system, estates, non-possessory interests in land, concurrent ownership, disseisin, uses and trusts. Mode of conveyance at (a) common law, (b) under the statute of uses, (c) and under modern statutes; execution of deeds; easements by implication; estates; covenants for title; estoppel by deed; boundaries; recording acts.

MOYNIHAN'S SURVEY OF THE LAW OF REAL PROPERTY. AIGLER'S CASES ON TITLES (2nd edition).

Mr. Harband Credit—3 Units

Property III:

Adverse possession; prescription; rights incidental to possession: possession, air, lateral support, rights of reversioners; profits; easements, licenses and covenants running with the land; rents; waste.

BIGELOW'S CASES ON RIGHTS IN LAND (2nd edition). AIGLER'S CASES ON TITLES (2nd edition).

Mr. Harband Credit—3 Units

$Legal\ Bibliography:$

Analysis and abstraction of cases, library facilities, training in the skillful use of statutes, codes, constitutions, state reports, digests, national reporter, citators, encyclopedias and loose leaf reports.

HOW TO FIND THE LAW (3rd edition).

Mr. Kuechler Credit—1½ Units

Introduction to the Study of Law:

Training in the abstracting of reported cases; History of the Common Law; growth of the English Constitution; nature and sources of law; the courts, procedure, forms of action, pleadings; the Judicial function; the Judicial process.

MR. WENIG Credit—1½ Units

Legal Ethics:

History of the legal profession, organization of the State Bar of California, disciplinary procedure, rules of professional conduct, duties to the court, the client, the public and the state.

RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

ARANT'S CASES ON LEGAL ETHICS

Mr. Frank Credit—1 Unit

Evidence:

Circumstantial evidence, technical evidence, qualification of witnesses, limiting corroboration, preferential, witnesses, hearsay rule, oath, authentication of documents, judicial admission, judicial notice.

MORGAN AND MAGUIRE'S CASES ON EVIDENCE

Mr. Pillsbury

Credit—4½ Units

Corporations and Business Associations:

Characteristics of corporations (de facto and de jure); officers, directors and stockholders; powers and liabilities; partnerships; Massachusetts trusts; subscriptions; promoters; assembling of funds; incorporation and creation of business associations: management and control: capital: profits; stock transfer; merger; consolidation and reorganization: dissolution; State and Federal security regulation; section 77B U. S. Bankruptcy Act. FREY'S CASES AND STATUTES ON BUSINESS ASSOCIATIONS (1935 EDITION)

Negotiable Instruments:

Form and interpretation; consideration; negotiation; rights of holders; liability of parties; presentation for payment; notice of dishonor; discharge; bills of exchange, promissory notes and checks. Uniform negotiable instruments act.

SMITH AND MOORE CASES ON BILLS AND NOTES (3rd edition). Mr. Peterson

Credit-3 Units

Credit-5 Units

Security Transactions:

Personal property as security; distribution of stocks and bonds; problems of collateral banking; problems of agricultural finance. Real property as security. Introduction to security in land; problems of the creation of land security devices; priorities; requirements of public recordation; assignment; enforcement of real estate security; types of mortgage foreclosure; relations of parties pending foreclosure sale; redemption; marshalling; real estate finance.

HANNA'S CASES ON SECURITY.

Mr. Ropers
Credit—3 Units

Code Pleading and Practice:

The civil action; joinder of actions and parties; subject matter, form and construction of pleadings; complaint, bill of particulars, demurrer, answer, counter-claim, cross-complaint, amendments; verification; motions; provisional remedies; special proceedings; probate procedure; appeal procedure. Moot courts are organized to give practice in the conduct of civil actions, arguments and trial.

CASE BOOK TO BE ANNOUNCED.

Mr. FEELY
Credit—6 Units

Constitutional Law:

The judicial function of interpreting and enforcing written constitutions; the nature of the Federal system, separation and delegation of powers, relations between the Federal government and the states, interstate relations, Federal legislative powers; Constitutional limitations on governmental action, due process and equal protection of the laws, privileges and immunities of citizenship, impairment of contracts, political and social rights, freedom of speech, religion and the press; State and Federal regulation of matters in or affecting interstate commerce.

McGOVNEY, CASES ON CONSTITUTIONAL LAW (2d ed., with 1941 Supplement).

Mr. GORFINKEL Credit—5 Units

Wills:

History and definition of wills and testaments: testamentary capacity and intent; wills distinguished from other dispositions of property; kinds of wills; execution, revocation, republication and revival of wills; descent; powers and duties of executors and administrators; distribution; legacies.

COSTIGAN'S CASES ON WILLS (3rd ed., 1941, by Bingham).

Mr. Gorfinkel
Credit—2 Units

Trusts:

Trustor, trustees, cestui que trust, creation of trusts, remedies, duties, liabilities, priorities, statute of frauds, statute of wills, constructive and resulting trusts, charitable trusts, modification, termination.

SCOTT'S CASES ON TRUSTS (3d edition).

Mr. JENNINGS
Credit—3 Units

Conflict of Laws:

Nature, source and proof of foreign law; domicile; power to adjudicate or determine rights, including jurisdiction of courts and enforcement of foreign judgments; power to create rights, including choice and application of foreign law in torts, contracts, workmen's compensation, personal status, marriage, divorce, property rights and inheritance.

LORENZEN, CASES ON CONFLICT OF LAWS (4th ed.).

Mr. GORFINKEL Credit—3 Units

Taxation:

Part I. Constitutional limitations on the taxing power, including jurisdiction to tax, due process and equal protection, immunity of governmental instrumentalities, and state taxation affecting interstate commerce and foreign corporations.

Part II. Income, Estate and Gift Taxes, with particular emphasis on United States and California Tax laws.

BRUTON, CASES ON TAXATION.

Mr. Buchanan Mr. Gorfinkel Credit—3 Units

Labor Law:

The social and economic background of the labor movement; labor unions and labor activity; strikes, picketing and boycotts; collective bargaining agreements; mediation and arbitration; the National Labor Relations Act; the Fair Labor Standards Act and other legislation dealing with labor disputes.

Special Lecturers Credit—1½ Units



Birdseye View of Downtown San Francisco, Showing Location of Golden Gate College

SPECIAL LECTURERS IN LABOR LAW AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

The Labor Law Course was given in Summer of 1941. It may be repeated at a later date. The following special lecturers participated: Professor Paul Eliel, director Industrial Relations Division, Graduate School of Business, Stanford University; Mathew O. Tobriner, attorney for San Francisco Building Trades Council and other labor organizations; Almon Roth, president, San Francisco Employers' Council; Bartley C. Crum, attorney for Zellerbach Paper Company and other industrial organizations; George O. Bahrs, and James L. Feely, attorneys for San Francisco Employers' Council; Sam Kagel, Pacific Coast Labor Bureau; Dorothy Williams, regional attorney for Wages and Hours Division and Jonathan Rowell, former attorney for the National Labor Relations Board.

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